Great Wall of China — Northern border of China built to keep out northern invaders / built as different walls to protect diff. states 7 wonders 21,196 km long height from 4.5 m - 9m. 10000 watchtowers at regular intervals

ST. JOSEPH'S ACADEMY, DEHRADUN

FIRST TERM EXAMINATION SEPTEMBER, 2025-26

SUBJECT: HISTORY/CIVICS **CLASS: VI** **M.M. : 70 TIME : 2 HOURS**

NAME OF THE STUDENT.....*CLASS/SECTION*.....*ROLL NO*.....

SECTION-A [50 MARKS]
(HISTORY)
ATTEMPT ALL QUESTIONS

Question 1. **Answer the following questions in short: -** [14×1=14]

(a) What was considered as a status symbol in Chinese Civilization? Clothing
(b) Who served as an advisor to the prince Arjuna in the war of Kurukshetra? Lord Krishna
(c) What did Oracles use to predict future? Tortoise Shells / Cattle
(d) Who was the head of the Army in Early Vedic Period? Senani
(e) Name two Assemblies which assisted the King in Administrative function. Sabha / Samiti
(f) Who was at the highest ladder in the social structure of Chinese Civilization? The Emperor
(g) Name two Great Epics composed in Later Vedic Period. Mahabharata / Ramayana
(h) Who founded the city of Alexandria? Alexander
(i) Name the two main Social Classes of Early Vedic Society. Dvija Advija
(j) Name one Female ruler of Egyptian Civilization. a. Hatshepsut / Nefertiti
(k) What was the fee paid by the students called in Later Vedic Period? Guru Dakshina
(l) What did Aryans use to make weapons in Early Vedic Period? Copper & Bronze
(m) Which Caste was given the Superior Social Status in Later Vedic Period? Brahmanas
(n) What does Aryavarta mean? Land of Aryans

Question 2. **Answer the following question briefly: -** [6×3=18]

(a) Write three points about the education system in Later Vedic Period. gurukul/Brahmanas/Residential/boys 7/Ceremony/Upanayana/
(b) Describe the Economic life of the Aryans in three points Nomadic/cattle rearing/agriculture/Cow mark of prosperity/horse/sheep goat asses oxen dog.
(c) Give three points about the most striking feature of the Chinese Architecture. pyramids, tombs, temples, Ephrat, Palaces – painting/ stone images hieroglyphs & limestone statues
(d) What was the Egyptian Script known as? Write two points about it. hieroglyphic – symbol figures/animals/humans/papyrus 2000 picture signs
(e) Explain the status of women in Early Vedic period in three points. respectable/No purdah/attend public fairs/education equal/Vishvavara, Apala, Ghosha become rishis Maitreyi Gargi – highly educated
(f) Write three points about the Great Epic – Ramayana. Valmiki – 500 BCE – 100 BCE Rama / Sita Ravana / Hanuman

Question 3. **Fill in the blanks: -** [6×1=6]

a) Millet was the staple food in North China.
b) The upper garment worn by the Aryans was called adhivasa.
c) The Chinese were the first to cultivate tea.
d) Vasistha / Vishvamitra was a powerful Purohita during Early Vedic Period.
e) Egyptians preserved their dead bodies as mummies.
f) Religious Ceremonies were performed by the priests in Later Vedic Period. Brahmana Purohit

Question 4. **State whether the following statements are True or False:-** [6×1=6]

a) Sanskrit was the spoken language in the Later Vedic Period. False
b) The Chinese were the first to make silk cloth. True
c) The Egyptian made beautiful vessels of Porcelain. False
d) Caste system become hereditary in the Later Vedic Period True
e) Egypt was called the 'Gift of the Nile.' True
f) Women were given education in the Early Vedic Civilization. True

Question 5. Match the following: - [6×1=6]

COLUMN-A	COLUMN-B
C i) God of Heaven Shangdi	a) Stupa-style temple (iii)
e ii) Jana Tribe	b) Surya VI
a iii) Pagoda Stupa Style T.	c) Shangdi (i)
f iv) Pharaoh Egyptian King	d) Creator (v)
d v) Brahma Creator	e) Tribe (ii)
b vi) Celestial God Surya	f) Egyptian King (iv)

SECTION-B [20 MARKS]
(CIVICS)

Question 6. Answer the following question:-

a) Write a short note on Panchayat. [2]

b) Explain Gram Sabha in two points. [2]

c) Mention any three functions of Nyaya Panchayat. [3]

d) Write any three functions of Zila Parishad. [3]

Question 7. Fill in the blanks:- [5×1=5]

a) The head of the Panchayat is called Sarpanch/Village Pradhan.

b) One-third of seats are reserved for Women in Gram Panchayat.

c) The Block Development Officer (BDO) is responsible for carrying out plans of the Block Samiti.

d) Providing health facilities in a village is a Compulsory function of Gram Panchayat.

e) Zila Parishad act as a link between State Government and Block Samitis.

Question 8. State whether the following statements are True or False:- [5×1=5]

F a) Nyaya Panchayat's main purpose is to help farmer in their problems. False

F b) The Panchayat is headed by the District Collector. False

F c) The Panchayati Raj system was revived during the British Rule. False

T d) Block Samitis are the local government bodies which work at Tehsil level. True

T e) The Panchayat is elected for a period of 3-5 years. True.